

Amendments to the Claims:

Claims 2, 5, 13, 17 and 21-25 (canceled)

1 1. (previously presented) A system for locating a specific value
2 contained in an array of N data values, the specific value being
3 the result of a binary operation defined over the array of N data
4 values wherein each data value is a plurality of bits wide, the
5 system comprising a plurality of decision units grouped in
6 successive computation stages wherein:

7 (a) each decision unit receives a pair of input values, each
8 input value containing a data value and a partial address; and

9 (b) each decision unit generates a value representative of a
10 selected data value and the partial address of the selected data
11 value and the decision unit of the last computation stage
12 contains the specific value, wherein each of the plurality of
13 decision units comprises:

14 (i) a binary operator for generating a binary decision
15 representative of a local address of the selected data value,

16 (ii) a multiplexer coupled to the binary operator for
17 generating one of the pair of input values as output and with the
18 output being selected by the binary decision, and

19 (iii) a storage element coupled to the binary operator
20 and the multiplexer for storing the output of the multiplexer and
21 the binary decision which is added to the partial address of the
22 selected data value.

1 3. (previously presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the
2 binary operator selects the minimum value of the pair of data
3 values contained in the pair of input values.

1 4. (previously presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the
2 binary operator selects the maximum value of the pair of data
3 values contained in the pair of input values.

1 6. (previously presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the
2 partial address of an input value at computation stage i is the
3 ($i-1$) most significant bit of the storage element of computation
4 stage ($i-1$).

1 7. (previously presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the
2 partial address of an input value at computation stage i is the
3 ($i-1$) least significant bit of the storage element of computation
4 stage ($i-1$).

1 8. (original) The system of Claim 1 wherein the number of
2 computation stages K is related to the size N of the array of
3 data values by the formula $K=\log_2 N$.

1 9. (original) The system of Claim 8 wherein the number of
2 decision unites at a computation stage i is equal to $N/2^i$ and
3 wherein $1 \leq i \leq K$.

1 10. (original) The system of Claim 8 wherein the last computation
2 stage contains the address of the specific value in the K most
3 significant bits of its associated storage element and the
4 specific value is contained in the W least significant bits of
5 said associated storage element.

1 11. (original) The system of Claim 8 wherein the last computation
2 stage contains the address of the specific value in the K least
3 significant bits of its associated storage element and the
4 specific value is contained in the W most significant bits of
5 said associated storage element.

1 12. (previously presented) An apparatus for obtaining information
2 on a specific value within a pair of inputs, wherein each input
3 contains a data value and a partial address of the data value,
4 the apparatus comprising:

5 (a) a binary operator which compares the data values and
6 which generates as output a binary decision representative of a
7 local address of the specific data value;

8 (b) a multiplexer coupled to the binary operator and coupled
9 to receive each data values along with its partial address which
10 generates as output the specific data value along with its
11 partial address based on the binary decision; and

12 (c) a storage element coupled to the binary operator and the
13 multiplexer which stores the output of the multiplexer and the
14 binary decision.

1 13. (original) The apparatus of Claim 12 further comprising:
2 (c) a storage element which stores the output of the
3 multiplexer and the binary decision.

1 14. (original) The apparatus of Claim 12 wherein the binary
2 operator is a minimum operator.

1 15. (original) The apparatus of Claim 12 wherein the binary
2 operator is a maximum operator.

1 16. (currently twice amended) In an array of N data values, a
2 method of determining an address for a result, the result being
3 the output of a binary operation defined in the array of data
4 values each data value having W bits, the method comprising the
5 steps of:

6 (a) performing, at each computation stage i of $\log_2 N$,
7 computation stages, $N/2^i$ binary operations on the data values of
8 $N/2^i$ pairs of input values using a binary operator, wherein each
9 input value includes a data value and a partial address, wherein
10 each of the binary operations generates a binary decision
11 representative of a selected data value and the partial address
12 of the selected data value;

13 (b) multiplexing at each computation stage each pair of
14 input values using a multiplexer and producing an output
15 determined by the binary decision; and

16 (c) storing at each computation stage the binary decision
17 and the selected data value [[input]] in a storage element.

1 18. (original) The method of Claim 16 wherein the computation
2 stage at level $\log_2 N$ contains the value of the result of the
3 binary operation and its address within the array of values.

1 19. (original) The method of Claim 16 wherein the binary
2 operation is minimum finding operation.

1 20. (original) The method of Claim 16 wherein the binary
2 operation is a maximum finding operation.